

1913  
A HAPPY NEW YEARPITIFUL SCENES  
AFTER SENTENCE

Convicted Union Officials Sing  
and Women Weep.

SPECTATORS JOIN IN CHORUS

After Hearing Their Fate the Thirty-three Men Who Will Go to Prison Sing "On, Where Is My Wandering" Tonight, and on the March to Jail They Indulge in "On the Banks of the Shannon."

Indianapolis, Dec. 31.—Thirty-three men sat in an anteroom of Judge Anderson's court and sang. "On, where is my wandering boy, tonight?" echoed through the federal building and were taken up and hummed softly by little groups of women in the corridors. The women, their faces tear stained and drawn, appeared to lack incentive to do more than croon the words gently and haltingly.

Inside the men sang lustily. They were the convicted dynamite conspirators awaiting, perhaps, their last journey from the federal building to the jail. One of their number, Ed Smythe of Peoria, Ill., led them. They sang as if they had nothing more to occupy their thoughts. Soon, however, the singing ceased. After a moment it started again. They were repeating the same words and melody.

This time they were interrupted. A guard brought word that they must prepare for the march to the jail, where they are to be imprisoned until a special train is ready to take them to Leavenworth penitentiary. The march was varying from seven years to one year and one day. Under the direction of deputies and police they were formed into a line and handcuffed.

Some of the Prisoners Smile.

This time they were arranged in alphabetical order, Anderson of Cleveland being placed first in line. The door of the room swung open. Out they marched through the corridor to the main door of the building. The spectators were pushed back by the police. Some of the prisoners were smiling as they walked. Others looked challengingly into the faces of the curious; still others, haggard and worn, looked at the floor.

Some one in the line struck up the words of "On the Banks of the Shannon." The others of the thirty-three joined in and the crowd took up the chorus. Chief of Police Martin J. Hyland and Marshal Schmidt plainly were worried. They tried to stop the singing; but it only grew louder.

The crying of women and children filled in each pause. The guards quickened the pace and the marchers swung away down the street still singing. Finally the last verse was taken up. The chorus followed and then all was silent. By this time some of the prisoners were smiling. But their good nature did not extend to the women trying to keep up with the procession.

Moving Pictures Taken.

Thus the line swung into the jail yard. The click of a moving picture camera caught the attention of those who were passing. An operator had obtained a position of vantage near the jail. The pictures were taken as the prisoners walked. Some puffed and some chewed after their march.

At the jail the prisoners were moved to the cells. The children were taken to the hospital. The appeals in behalf of the prisoners to the United States marshal, Chester H. Krum, with other counsel, appeared before Judge Anderson to arrange for the filing of writs of error.

Meantime Mr. Krum said there was no prospect of procuring liberty for any of the men through superseas bonds. All the prisoners are to go to Leavenworth.

What time the special train leaves to carry them there United States Marshal Edward Schmidt refused to state, as he has been instructed to keep in absolute secrecy the departure and route of the train.

Oil Company's Plant Burns.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 31.—The Imperial Oil company's warehouse No. 1 was destroyed by fire, with large quantities of oil.

STRIKERS BALK  
AT PEACE PLAN

Garment Workers Look Askance  
at Arbitration.

TROUBLE LIABLE TO SPREAD

About Four Thousand Factories in New York, Brooklyn, Newark and Other Nearby Places Are Affected and Rochester, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia and Utica May Become Involved.

New York, Dec. 31.—Strike leaders at a mass meeting of garment makers refused to allow Dr. William Carter, general secretary of the International Peace Forum, to put before the assembled workers the society's arbitration plan. Dr. Carter was told it was too early in the strike to consider a mediation move.

New York, Dec. 31.—Strong efforts were made to bring to an end by mediation and arbitration the strike of workers in the men's clothing manufacturing trade, which began with the refusal of operatives, variously estimated to number from 50,000 to 150,000, to go to work because they demand higher pay and better working conditions from their employers, members of the New York Clothing association.

The strike affects some 4,000 shops in New York, Brooklyn, Newark and other nearby places.

John J. Bealin of the state board of mediation and arbitration conferred with representatives of the clothing association and of the United Male Garment Workers of America and will report to the board on the advisability of conducting an investigation of the conditions under which the garment makers work.

The International Peace Forum also resumed its efforts looking to mediation. It presented to both employers and operatives a plan for submitting to them a list of governors of ten states, ten educators, ten United States senators and ten clergymen, from whom five or seven men shall be selected to hear arguments and submit findings which shall be binding to the manufacturers and their employees.

"The strike has assumed serious proportions," Mr. Bealin said, "and there is grave danger that it will spread to other cities."

Some of the strike leaders predicted that Rochester, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia and Utica concerns probably would be affected by the strike.

## SHE THRASHES HER LOVER

Lands on His Jaw When He Tries to Kill Her.

Duluth, Dec. 31.—Lottie McDonald, a pretty girl of eighteen, administered a sound beating to Ernest Found when he tried to murder her after she had refused to marry him and then turned him over to the police.

Found went to the girl's room, after arming himself, and for the seventh time in as many days asked her to become his wife, adding: "If you say no we both go together." At the same time he pulled a revolver and explained that unless his suit was successful he intended to kill her and himself.

The girl again refused and as he raised the gun she landed a stiff right on the point of his chin, ungalantly kicked him after he went down and took the revolver away. Then she called the police.

## RYAN IS SADDEST OF ALL

Hand of Court Fell Heaviest on Ironworkers' President.

Indianapolis, Dec. 31.—Down in a darkened quarter of the city the prisoners in the county jail prepared for their departure for Leavenworth. The most downcast and heartbroken of them all was President Ryan, upon whom the hand of the court fell heaviest. Already a gray headed man of almost fifty-five years Ryan seemed instantly to become more aged when his sentence of seven years was pronounced. He declined to talk.

## O. A. TVEITMOE.

San Francisco Man Gets  
Sentence of Six Years.



Photo by American Press Association.

## LENIENT WITH DYNAMITERS

Attorney General Says Defendants May Be Prosecuted Further.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Attorney General Wickersham declared that in his opinion the federal court at Indianapolis had been extremely lenient in imposing sentences on the labor officials convicted in the dynamite conspiracy. This statement, the attorney general emphasized, was made with out intention to criticize Judge Anderson.

Mr. Wickersham said that in all probability he would send the evidence collected at the Indianapolis trial to the authorities of the states where the offenses were committed with a view to permitting those officials to try, under state laws, any of the defendants they might desire to prosecute in connection with dynamitings which resulted in the loss of life or the destruction of property.

The convictions at Indianapolis, said the attorney general, constituted one of the greatest accomplishments in the history of the American courts.

FROM SEVEN YEARS TO  
ONE YEAR AND A DAY

Judge Anderson Sentences Dynamite Conspirators.

Indianapolis, Dec. 31.—Sentences varying from seven years' imprisonment in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., to one year and one day, six of which were suspended, were imposed upon the thirty-eight labor union officials convicted in the dynamite conspiracy cases.

Seven Years—Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers.

Six Years—Eugene A. Clancy, San Francisco; O. A. Tveitmoe, San Francisco; Herbert S. Hockin, Indianapolis; John T. Butler, Buffalo; Philip A. Cooley, New Orleans; J. E. Munsey, Salt Lake City; Michael J. Young, Boston; Frank C. Webb, New York.

Four Years—John S. Barry, St. Louis; Peter J. Smith, Cleveland.

Three Years—Paul J. Morren, St. Louis; Henry W. Leggettner, Denver; Charles N. Beum, Minneapolis; M. J. Cunnane, Denver; Edward Smythe, Peoria, Ill.; E. W. Basey, Indianapolis; W. B. Brown, Kansas City; M. L. Pennell, Springfield, Ill.; G. Anderson, Cleveland; M. J. Hannon, Scranton, Pa.; W. J. McCain, Kansas City; W. E. Reddin, Milwaukee.

Two Years—Richard H. Houlihan, Chicago; Fred Sherman, Indianapolis; Frank Painter, Omaha; F. J. Higgins, Boston.

One Year and a Day—James E. Ray, Peoria, Ill.; C. Wachsmeyer, Detroit; W. C. Bernhardt, Cincinnati; Edward E. Phillips, Syracuse; W. S. Shupe, Chicago; F. J. Mooney, Duluth.

Suspended Sentences—Patrick F. Farrell, New York; James Cooney, Chicago; James Coughlin, Chicago; Hiram B. Kline, Muncie, Ind.; Frank J. Murphy, Detroit; Edward Clark, Cincinnati.

Painting.

Painting is the invention of heaven, the most ancient and most akin to nature.—Ben Jonson.

## A FLIGHT FOR LIFE

Dodging Death In the Path of an Onrushing Flood.

THE FURY OF A CLOUDBURST.

A Solid Wall of Water Swept the Canyon, Uprooting Trees and Tearing With Huge Boulders—Exciting Race In a Storm on Lightning Creek.

To understand what follows you must know something of the country where the incident occurred. Lightning creek, a famous trout stream of northern Idaho, rises among the glaciers of the Cabinet mountains and comes tearing down through narrow canyons heavily forested with pine and cedar. At all times the stream is swift. In the spring, when the ice caps are melting, it is a torrent.

July 3, 1906, a fishing party of five were hauled from the nearest railroad station to the end of the wagon trail on Lightning creek, where we made camp. The next morning the professor and myself decided to ascend to the head of one of the creek's tributaries. Shouldering our creels, we made our way through the timber toward the glacier, gleaming in the sunlight. Five miles from camp we came to a fall, where we began to fish. There were plenty of trout, but they were small.

"Let's see if there are larger ones above the fall," my companion suggested.

"Agreed," I replied, and we clambered up the steep rocky walls.

Our hopes were realized. We fished up the stream until past noon, when we sat down to lunch. By the time we had finished eating a tiny cloud had crept above the mountain top and hovered over the glacier. In a few minutes another cloud crept up and joined the first, then another and another until the mountain top was covered.

"It is time we were getting out of here," I said. "I believe we are in for a wetting."

As if to emphasize my words a flash of lightning quivered through the black mass, and in a few seconds the thunder rolled down the canyon with a roar like a battery of siege guns.

As we hurried down the creek the lightning became continuous and terrifying in its brilliancy; the roll of thunder was incessant. We made all the speed we could and had nearly reached the falls when the rain came in a downpour.

"Suppose we get under this spruce and wait until the storm is over?" my companion suggested.

"Suppose we get into more open country as soon as possible!" I rejoined and kept on.

Suddenly the lightning ceased, the thunder died away, and there was no sound save the dashing of rain. The sudden calm was startling, and I paused and looked toward the mountain. I saw a great column of fire shoot downward out of the clouds. The glacier shivered as though struck by some titanic force, split apart and crashed down into the canyon. There was a roar of thunder, and I saw the water pour from the sky as if all the windows of heaven had been opened.

"A cloudburst!" I cried. "Run for your life!"

Fear lent wings to our feet. We sped down the canyon, leaping fallen logs, tearing through dense underbrush, clambering over rocks, fleeing from the pursuing flood that roared down the canyon, uprooting trees and hurling great boulders before it as it came. A few rods below a small basaltic cliff, with some stunted fir trees growing on it, stood in an open space. To outrun the water was impossible; the cliff was our only haven.

I dashed up, with my companion at my heels. Behind us we saw a solid column of water that bore a tangled mass of drift and advanced with the speed of the wind. We had only time to seize upon a tree before the flood was upon us. It struck with a grinding roar; the rock trembled to its very base; the water surged over us; we were battered by the rushing logs, scratched by the drift, suffocated by the water, but we clung on desperately. In a minute, at the furthest, the flood swept on, leaving ruin in its wake.

About the cliff the trees lay piled in a tangled, broken heap. We crept down, drenched, bruised and bleeding, and made our way to camp. But the spot where the camp had stood was swept clean. We sank upon the water soaked ground to consider what we should do. In a short time we heard the voices of our friends. They had been fishing the main stream above where the branch entered and thus had escaped.

There was nothing left for it but to make our way back to the railroad station, where we arrived after dark. For months fishermen discovered articles of our camp equipment scattered along the stream.—Youth's Companion.

Quite Pointed.

To crawl through a barbed wire fence, says a wit, is a piece of fun with some point in it.

## WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER.

Detectives Picket His House  
Waiting to Serve Subpoena.



## ROCKEFELLER UNDER SIEGE

Detectives Surround William's House to Serve Subpoena.

New York, Dec. 31.—Private detectives, said to be in the employ of the Pujio committee investigating the alleged money trust, began picketing on the sidewalks in front of the home of William Rockefeller on Fifth avenue with the purpose of serving a subpoena.

The pickets also included in their beats the nearby entrances to the homes of Marcellus Hartley Dodge and Dr. Hunter McAlpine, sons-in-law of Mr. Rockefeller, and even Mr. Rockefeller's estate at Tarrytown.

SCHEME TO GET TWO  
ILLINOIS SENATORS

President Elect Wilson Refuses to Discuss Proposal.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 31.—President Elect Wilson manifested keen interest in the possibility that the present scant majority which the Democrats are calculated to have in the United States senate might be comfortably increased when the legislatures of a number of states convene next month.

Mr. Wilson conferred at the statehouse here with J. Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, choice of the Democratic primaries in Illinois for United States senator, and Senator Luke Lea of Tennessee on the senatorial situation.

Mr. Lewis told Mr. Wilson there was a good chance of getting two Democratic senators from Illinois, informing him that, while the newly elected Progressives held the balance of power, he thought there were men public spirited enough among them to support the Democratic choices on the theory that the state of Illinois had by a popular vote put itself on record for a Wilson administration. Mr. Lewis suggested to the president elect that it might even "be openly understood that patriotic men who would give him the support of two senators would be regarded as worthy of proper reward and recognition in the distribution of minority patronage."

The president elect remarked that he had absolutely no comment to make on this proposal.

## 112 VICTIMS OF AVIATION

Three Women Among Those Killed During the Year.

New York, Dec. 31.—In the year now ending a total of 112 aviators have met death in aeroplane accidents. Three women, two of them Americans, were included among the victims. Germany contributed the greatest number of fatalities, twenty-nine, with France and the United States next in the list with twenty-seven and twenty-six respectively. The fatalities in the British Isles numbered fifteen. To the total Italy contributed four, Russia three, Switzerland two and Austria, Spain, Rumania, Greece and China one each.

Musical Note.

He—Are you musical? She—I play the piano. He—Well, that's not an absolute denial.—London Mail.

TURKEY WANTS  
POWERS TO ACT

COUNTERFEIT GIVES SCORE

Spurious \$5 Indian Head Bill Fools Treasury Officials.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Alarm seized officials of the United States treasury upon the discovery of a remarkable counterfeit \$5 silver certificate, the most dangerous imitation of American currency since the famous Monroe head \$100 bill was suppressed in 1898. So nearly perfect is this spurious note that officials of the cash room of the treasury declared it was genuine and unwisely held to their belief that it was a washed note.

END OF ALASKAN BANK CASES

Instructed Verdict of Not Guilty Is Returned.

Valdez, Alaska, Dec. 31.—The federal court docket has been cleared of the last indictment resulting from the failure of the Washington-Alaska Bank of Nevada at Fairbanks two years ago, when an instructed verdict of not guilty was returned in three cases against Frank W. Hawkins, receiver of the defunct bank. Hawkins was charged with making improper disbursements of the bank's funds after he took charge as receiver.

BANKS EARN 9.45 PER CENT

National City Prepares Figures to Refute Money Trust Charge.

New York, Dec. 31.—The National City bank has made calculations showing profits of New York city banks, which is intended to answer in some degree the outcry that has gone up against the banks as the great "money trust." The figures show that the average net earnings of twenty-four banks in the last five years was 9.45 per cent. The City bank's actual returns on its net deposits in the same period were only 1.58 per cent.

ONE OF TUG'S CREW DROWNS

Ten Rescued From Boat Wrecked at Seven Mile Beach.

Sea Isle City, N. J., Dec. 31.—After a desperate battle against heavy seas and a thirty-mile gale at Seven Mile beach lifesavers succeeded in rescuing ten of the eleven members of the crew of the ocean going tug Margaret. In attempting to launch a lifeboat from the Margaret, James Duffin, a member of the crew, was drowned, while the lifesaving crew from Tatham narrowly escaped a similar fate when their power boat capsized and all hands were thrown into the sea. All, however, reached the beach in safety.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Dec. 31.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 83½¢; No. 1 Northern, 82½¢; No. 2 Northern, 80½¢; Dec., 82½¢; May, 86½¢@86¢. Flax—On track and to arrive, \$1.24; Dec., \$1.24; Jan., \$1.24.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, Dec. 31.—Cattle—Steers, \$5.25@8.50; cows and heifers, \$4.00@7.00; calves, \$4.00@8.50; feeders, \$3.75@6.30. Hogs—\$7.15@7.25. Sheep—Lambs, \$3.50@7.35; wethers, \$3.25@4.60; ewes, \$2.00@4.35.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—Wheat—Dec., 86½¢; May, 91½¢; July, 87½¢. Corn—Dec., 47½¢; May, 48½¢; July, 49¢. Oats—Dec., 32½¢; May, 32½¢; July, 32½¢. Pork—Jan., \$17.45; May, \$18.92. Butter—Creameries, \$27@28c. Eggs—18@25c. Poultry—Turkeys, 15¢@21c; chickens, 12½¢; springs, 13c.

Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, Dec. 31.—Wheat—Dec., 81½¢; May, 84½¢@84¢; July, 87½¢. Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, 83½¢; No. 1 Northern, 81½¢@83½¢; to arrive, 81½¢@82½¢; No. 2 Northern, 82½¢; No. 3 Northern, 77½¢@79½¢; No. 3 yellow corn, 41¢@41½¢; No. 4 corn, 37¢@40¢; No. 3 white oats, 29½¢@30¢; to arrive, 29½¢.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—Cattle—Beeves, \$5.70@9.50; Texas steers, \$4.60@5.80; Western steers, \$5.75@7.60; stockers and feeders, \$4.25@7.40; cows and heifers, \$2.75@7.50; calves, \$6.50@10.50. Hogs—Light, \$7.05@7.50; mixed, \$7.20@7.55; heavy, \$7.15@7.60; rough, \$7.15@7.30; pigs, \$5.40@7.25. Sheep—Native, \$4.25@5.50; yearlings, \$6.00@7.20; lambs, \$6.10@7.75.

The Explanation.

"How did the thieves get away with that roll of carpet?" "I suppose they beat it."—Baltimore American.

Ottoman Scheme for Getting Best Possible Terms.

ALLIES WILL FORCE ACTION

Balkan Peace Envoys Intend Bringing Affairs to a Crisis When the Conference Meets Again on Wednesday and Will Prepare in the Meantime a Statement in the Nature of an Ultimatum.

London, Dec. 31.—The Times publishes the following dispatch from Belgrade: "It is reported that the ministry of war has received a telegram, stating that Scutari has fallen to a Servian attack."

London, Dec. 31.—After a fortnight of sparring and feinting Turkey has finally shown her hand in the peace conference. Mediation by the great powers is the Ottoman scheme for emerging from the war with the best face for the nation and for the plenipotentiaries which the situation will permit.

The Turkish delegates proposed this solution in diplomatic guarded terms. The meeting was brief and more strained than any which preceded it and the Turkish tactics were characteristic.

The delegation had received fresh instructions from the porte, Rechad Pasha announced, but part of the telegram was undeipherable and must be repeated to Constantinople for translation.

Then Rechad Pasha came to the point to which the Ottomans had been leading up since the beginning, in the opinion of their opponents. He declared that he was able to state that most of the questions under discussion should be referred to the powers. The boundary between Bulgaria and Turkey was an exception; that was a matter between the two governments. Then the Turkish delegates attempted to discuss the questions at issue informally, but the allies insisted that they should put their proposition in writing, which, after conference, the Turks said they were not prepared to do.

The allies propose to bring affairs to a crisis by a statement in the nature of an ultimatum at the next session of the conference—on Wednesday.

Will Waste No More Time.

They express the determination not to waste more time in waiting for telegraphic consultations, real or pretended, between Constantinople and the Turkish delegates in London, and will meet at an early hour Wednesday to decide upon their policy.

Mediation has two advantages from the Turkish viewpoint. First, the tendency of such an arrangement always is in the direction of a compromise. In the second place, mediation would save the Turkish government prestige in the eyes of the people by making it appear that Turkey concedes the sacrifices, which she inevitably must make, to the pressure of all Europe, instead of at the dictation of the heretofore despised Balkan states.

The first consideration, from the standpoint of the allies, is opposed to their interests. Such a solution as mediation offers would be of further disadvantage to them, in that certain powers—Austria and Italy—could not be considered as disinterested arbitrators.

The Turkish design in presenting counter proposals which left an enormous gulf between them and the allies' proposals was to create a situation in which mediation would appear justifiable—even necessary. Their argument is that never since the beginning of the world has a mediator, intrusted with a difficult problem by conflicting parties, given a verdict entirely favorable to one side, without compensation to the other. Therefore it would be easier to recoup part of their losses through mediation than by dealing directly with the adversaries.

Greek Fleet Defeated.

London, Dec. 31.—A naval battle between Turkish and Greek forces occurred off the Island of Tenedos, in which the Greeks suffered severe losses, according to a news agency dispatch from Constantinople.



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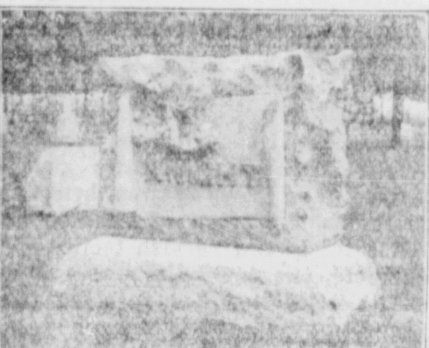
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Minn., as second class matter

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1912.

No Paper New Year's Day  
New Year's Day being a holiday,  
the Dispatch will print no paper on  
January 1, 1913.

## New Year P. O. Hours

Wednesday, January 1st, is a legal  
holiday and in accordance with the  
custom there will be no delivery of  
mail by carrier, either rural or city,  
during the day. Parties receiving  
their mail by carrier will be served  
by them at the postoffice between  
the hours of 9 and 10 a. m. and the  
general delivery will close for the day.  
The lobby of the office will be open  
during the day for the accommoda-  
tion of box renters. No money order  
business will be transacted.

N. H. INGERSOLL, P. M.

## LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Ground bones for chickens for sale  
at Baker & Schaefer.—Adv. 17446  
Hon. Jud. LaMoore of Nisswa, was  
in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Springer have  
returned from a visit in Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. McKay and  
children went to Motley today to visit  
their friends.

The Ideal cafe will serve young  
roast turkey from 12:30 to 2:30 on  
New Year's day.

All lines of millinery go at 1/2  
price now, including reserved. B.  
Kaatz & Son.—Adv. 17446

John McGivern, former chief of  
police of Brainerd, arrived in the city  
today to visit old friends.

Frank Bidwell, son of Mr. and  
Mrs. P. W. Bidwell, has gone to Glen-  
dive, Mont., where he will work in a  
hospital.

Mrs. W. H. Durham and son Stan-  
ley, returned last night from North-  
ome where they spent Xmas with  
relatives.

Farm loans for farms by a farmer.  
R. R. Livingston, Telephone 414-3.  
—Adv. 1734-1wtf

The ladies' guild of St. Paul's Epis-  
copal church will meet with Mrs.  
W. E. Entrieken at 2:30 Thursday af-  
ternoon, January 2.

J. T. Sullivan has succeeded F. B.  
Winslow as agent of the Fitzer Brew-  
ing company, having charge of the  
Cuyuna range territory.

Miss Donna Lyman went to Minne-  
apolis today to attend the Parker-  
Humes wedding which takes place  
January 2. Miss Lyman will be the  
bridesmaid.

Clarence M. Field and wife have

filed a plat of Pine Crest situated in  
the east half of lot 3 in section 6,  
township 137, range 25, the land ly-  
ing southeast of Emily township.

H. A. Whitney, of Clearwater, who  
has been visiting his brother, D. E.  
Whitney, during the holidays, has  
gone to Bemidji where he has  
charge of the surveying of a state  
road.

Schmidt's bottle beer, famous for  
quality. Order a case. Telephone  
164. John Coates Liquor Co.—Adv.

John Schultz, agent of the Minne-  
sota & International railway at In-  
ternational Falls, spent the holidays  
with relatives in the city. Mr.  
Schultz was formerly traveling audi-  
tor on the railway.

## SPECIAL

Brick Ice Cream for  
New Year's  
At McCOLL'S

Orders Delivered up to 1:30 P. M.

St. Hall has gone to Nisswa to put  
up ice for the many cottagers who  
make their summer homes there in  
summer. Mr. Hall has quite a crew  
of men in his employ and cuts and  
stores the ice in remarkably fast time.

Old Pilsner style Brainerd beer.  
Famous for quality and purity. De-  
livered to any part of the city. Phone  
213.—Adv. 2594t

Miss Maud Wilson, who has been  
visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and  
Mrs. James Doherty, returned today  
to Duluth, where after enjoying a  
short visit, she will go to Aurora to  
resume teaching art and music in the  
high school.

The Spalding Cafe will serve a  
special New Year's dinner from 12  
to 2:30. Ladies entrance 297 5th.  
1764t

Condemnation proceedings have  
been commenced by the Cuyuna Nor-  
thern railway company against the  
Interstate Exploration company and  
the Ironsquois iron company to lands  
located in the west half of the south-  
west quarter of section 11, township  
46, range 29 and part of lots 7, 9, 16  
and 20, block 5 in Ironton.

## Wholesale to Consumer

Two cans, 3 lbs. Standard Pears—25c  
Two cans, 3 lbs. Standard Wells

Plums—24c

Three cans 2 lbs. Standard Corn—20c

Peck hand picked Navy Beans—60c

Four packages seeded Raisins—25c

1 lb. Comb Honey, home grown—12c

Louis J. Cale

Tomorrow evening, new year's day,  
there will be a get-together meeting  
of the members and friends of the  
First Methodist Episcopal church in  
the church building. Luncheon will  
be served at 6:30 o'clock and follow-  
ing the luncheon there will be  
thrown upon the screen the plans for  
the new church building as submitted  
by the architect. These plans  
will be fully explained so that all  
may understand just what is pro-  
posed to be done. The need of im-  
provements that will so enlarge the  
church building as to take care of  
the rapidly growing Bible school is  
apparent to all who are in the school.  
Also for a long time the congrega-  
tion has felt the need of facilities  
for social work and the plans sub-  
mitted are admirably adapted to both  
purposes. The luncheon on Wednes-  
day evening will be free and there  
will be no subscriptions solicited at  
this time for the new building, the  
purpose of the get-together being  
simply to study the adaptability of  
the plans. Every member and at-  
tendant upon the church services  
and all who have children in the  
Sunday school are urged to be present.

Buy hard coal, nut, stove, pea and  
egg sizes and a good line of wood,  
soft and smokeless coals, from Ever-  
ett & Hitch, where you get prompt  
service. 17446

## Fools a Foul Plot

When a shameful plot exists be-  
tween liver and bowels to cause dis-  
tress by refusing to act, take Dr.  
King's New Life Pills, and end such  
abuse of your system. They gently  
compel right action of stomach, liver  
and bowels, and restore your  
health and all good feelings. 25c at  
H. P. Dunn's.—Adv. 418-w

## The Landscape.

"This section," remarked the travel-  
er, as he watched the clothes fluttering  
in the breeze as the train passed set-  
tlement after settlement, "shows evi-  
dences like those of a great flood."  
"I can't see any," answered his puz-  
zled companion. "What are they?"  
"Why, don't you see the washouts  
all along the line?"—Baltimore Amer-  
ican.

## Emulation.

"Your first name is June. Is it little  
girl?"  
"Yes, sir; only I don't spell it the  
way most folks do."  
"How do you spell it?"  
"J-u-n-e."  
"Why is that, little girl?"  
"Do you s'pose I'm goin' to let the  
Mees get ahead of me when it comes  
to spellin' names different?"—Chicago  
Tribune.

The safest way of not being very  
miserable is not to expect to be very  
happy.—Schopenhauer.

## COM. KRECH AGAIN REPLIES

Says "Writing For Publication Not  
in His Line" (?)

Editor Dispatch:—When the writ-  
er first took it upon himself to de-  
fend our county board from an un-  
just, unfair and unfounded criticism  
I did not know the identity of the gen-  
tleman I was going up against, but  
the way he learnedly quoted the law  
in his last criticism makes it clear  
that he is a lawyer, and with that  
fact established it is an easy matter  
to uncover his identity. And with  
his identity established will say,  
I have known him practically ever  
since he came to our town, some  
twelve years ago, and will say I con-  
sider him a clean, honorable and suc-  
cessful attorney, and a gentleman,  
and believe his unjust criticism was  
not made in malice but was rather an  
error of judgment. Have many  
times admired the fair and strictly  
honorable way he tries a case in  
court; and he has upon several occa-  
sions done me favors that were duly  
appreciated. This preliminary ex-  
planation is being made in order that  
if during the course of this article  
the readers may think the harpoon  
is being driven with unnecessary di-  
rectness and force, he may know  
there is no acrimony or ill feeling ex-  
isting between us, but rather that our  
relations are friendly, even cordial.  
As the writer is very busy during  
the winter months, and writing for  
publication is not at all in my line,  
will with this article try to clinch  
the matter in dispute so effectively  
that it will not again become neces-  
sary for me to make another de-  
fense.

First let us dispose of the potato  
matter as that will take up but little  
space. Let me quote from my form-  
er article: "The reason for this big  
fluctuation in the price (of potatoes)  
in six months must be clear to every  
intelligent man; it is simply the law  
of supply and demand as applied to  
potatoes." I wish to reiterate and  
make more emphatic if possible, this  
contention. There is not a twelve-  
year-old school boy in the county but  
knows what is meant by the law of  
supply and demand as applied to  
potatoes, and that the price of pota-  
toes during the time mentioned was  
governed by that same law of supply  
and demand just exactly as I said,  
and my honorable opponent knows it  
is true, even better than most of us,  
regardless of what the federal judges  
may have decided in a case that is  
not even to the remotest extent appli-  
cable to the law of supply and de-  
mand as applied to potatoes. Exit  
potatoes. The criticism that brought  
about this controversy is so fresh in  
the minds of the readers that it is  
unnecessary to thresh that over  
again. Suffice to say that by frankly  
and fully explaining how we make  
up our jury list, our critic is evi-  
dently convinced that his criticism  
was unfounded for he does not rei-  
terate the charge. But he does take  
us to task for the method we use,  
holding it is not sufficient, and quotes  
the law governing the selection of  
jurors. Let us see, what did I say  
in this regard: "He will find that  
each commissioner will carefully  
(please note the word carefully)—not  
a juror is selected 'at random' go  
over the personal property tax list of  
every township or ward in his dis-  
trict, and choose from among the  
many names found there." Is not  
that sufficient to be well within the  
law? Does our critic hold that a  
commissioner must personally know  
the qualifications of every man certi-  
fied for jury service? The law does  
not uphold that contention. Or does  
he base his contention of "neglect of  
duty" on the fact that the law, as  
quoted by him, requires us to "select"  
when I used the word "choose"? He  
goes on to give the definition of the  
word "select" as defined by Web-  
ster's dictionary, viz: To take by  
preference from a number; to pick  
out; etc., etc. Why that is exactly  
what I said we did. But the defini-  
tion as given by our critic says noth-  
ing about "choosing." The writer  
also having a dictionary, a Webster's  
unabridged, said to be of the latest  
edition, the thought occurred to me  
that it might be a good idea to look  
up the definition of "select" for my-  
self, and much to my surprise I find  
the very first definition given is to  
"choose." Again exactly what I  
said we did. Taking it for granted  
that our critic, being a lawyer, would  
never be satisfied with anything but  
the latest and best dictionary, his  
dictionary should give the same defi-  
nition. Then the question naturally  
arises: How did he come to over-  
look this very important and material  
definition as applied to selecting ju-  
rors? Surely it was not intentional?  
Must have been just "inadvertently"  
omitted. If the gentleman will again  
consult his dictionary he will find  
that the words "select" and "choose",  
as applied to selecting jurors are  
synonymous and interchangeable one  
meaning exactly the same as the other.  
He also quotes the law that we  
are required to select jurors from the  
"qualified voters." Does he for one  
minute pretend to say the Long Lake  
juror in question is not a "qualified  
voter"? But he may put forth the argu-  
ment that the juror was disqualified  
by reason of defective hearing and  
that by certifying him the commis-  
sioners were guilty of "neglect of  
duty." In this contention he would  
be sustained neither by the law  
nor public sentiment. But conceding  
that he was right, for once, with a  
record of something over eleven  
hundred and fifty men certified for  
jury service during the past six years,  
and only one lone juror, whose hear-  
ing by reason of advancing age, or

**New Year's Greetings**

Within sight of the closing day of the Old year and the opening day  
of the New—We want to extend across Our Beautiful City, the  
glad hand of our optimism and send to you the good old fashioned  
genial wish—

**'A Happy & Prosperous New Year'**

We are thankful for all that has gone before and extremely hope-  
ful for all that is to come.

**May the same Happy frame of mind be yours**

If this little missive puts a bright ray and a heart throb into your  
thoughts, it will have achieved the purpose so earnestly desired  
"By The Store."

1912

**Murphy's**

1913

**EMPRESS**

THE THEATRE BEAUTIFUL  
One Hundred Per Cent of Satisfaction

TONIGHT

Thrilling, Exciting, Spectacular

**"A Race for Time"**

Two big railroads compete for the right to carry the mail. The  
superintendent of one road tries to win with unfair methods, but  
is outwitted by a clever girl, who drives an engine like a man

**"The Flat Above"**

Above, a staid old bachelor; below a pretty music teacher. Music  
disturbs bachelor. He complains to teacher. She changes her  
name, and her residence to flat above. This is one of those clever  
Vitagraph comedies

**'Conway, the Kerry Dancer'**

A ten minute dancing exhibition by Ireland's Kerry dancer

**"Parson James"**

A pretty drama of every day life

MISS COOKE

Pianist

OSCAR F. BECK

Tenor

Adults 10c

Admission

Children 5c

**THE DISPATCH**

Covers the news of the entire  
Cuyuna range and to get this  
information subscribe now.

**Pictures and Picture Framing****IS OUR BUSINESS**

We have a most complete line  
of pictures and frames. We  
do framing that satisfies.  
Come see us.

## Cigars

the two labels, un-  
is a union made boxes,  
brands, Schlange's Per-  
head. Made in Brainerd  
& Coleman. 1242mo

## Bakery

baked bread, rolls,  
the Koering Bak-  
Our wagon  
Phone 478.  
77

Hardware

Contractors

**WHITE BROTHERS**

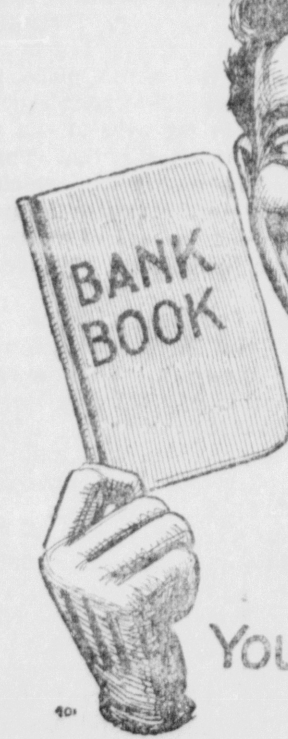
The WHITE Store

Where you always get

WHITE Service

616 Laurel Street

Brainerd

Estimates  
FurnishedSatisfaction  
Guaranteed**HAPPY NEW YEAR**

START  
A  
BANK  
ACCOUNT  
THIS YEAR  
SWEAR OFF  
EXTRAVAGANCE  
AND NEXT  
NEW YEARS  
DAY WILL FIND  
YOU MUCH HAPPIER.

Happy New Year to you. This means everybody. Our friends in par-  
ticular and the whole community in general. Next new year will be  
here as surely as this is. If you put money in the bank all this year  
NEXT NEW YEAR'S day will find you happier and better satisfied. Each  
succeeding year should find each of us better prepared for OLD AGE,  
which we should enjoy in comfort.

Savings deposits made up to January 10th draw interest from Janu-  
ary 1st.

Do YOUR banking with US

We pay interest on time and savings account

**First National Bank**

Brainerd, Minn.

Established 1881

Capital and Surplus

One Hundred Thousand Dollars





## GREAT SOCIETY EVENT

Annual Ball Was a  
and Largely Attend-  
ed Function

## PRETTY GOWNS WORN

Decorations of Auditorium  
by the Bachelor  
Maid of City

The fifth annual ball of the Elks  
last night was one of the most  
functions Brainerd society  
attended. The beautiful  
as designed by the Bach-  
ers, the entrancing music of  
the Ribbon orchestra, the large  
age of Brainerd people and  
visitors from Bemidji, Ait-  
ken, Staples and other points,  
contributed to make it an eve-  
ning Elk and society circles which  
always be a most pleasant mem-

the hallway of auditorium hall  
the brave colors of the Elks, pur-  
and white. In the ball room fes-  
of evergreens from the corners  
sides of the large room extended  
the chandeliers, which were decor-  
with white streamers, and bows  
bore underneath baskets of poin-  
as and ferns. The white about  
windows was relieved by wreaths  
the walls between the windows.

At the lower end of the hall near  
entrance was a large fireplace  
with its andirons and above was the  
large clock which pointed to the mys-  
hour of eleven and bore on its dial,  
P. O. E. 615. The booths where  
seated were served were bow-  
beauty musicians stand  
with evergreen and the four  
and white railings, the four  
carrying pots of palms.

Senator C. D. Johnson delivered the  
evening clock toast as the light were  
dimmed and recited verses appropri-  
ate to the occasion.

Many beautiful gowns were worn  
and of these, mention has been made  
of some of them:

Mrs. George D. LaBar wore royal  
blue silk with macramé lace, net  
overdress and diamonds.

Mrs. F. A. Farrar wore light blue  
Bengaline trimmed with oriental lace  
and jet trimmings.

Miss Winifred Small wore green  
crepe meteor with embroidered net  
and gold lace trimmings.

Mrs. Walter Courtney wore blue  
crepe with real lace, white feather  
boa and diamonds.

Miss Hildegard Courtney, cerise  
charmeuse with chiffon overdress and  
lace garniture.

Mrs. F. W. Wieland, black and  
white silk with embroidered net and  
trimmings.

Mrs. W. C. Cobb, white satin with  
blue marquisette, gold head dress.

Mrs. Ewing, electric blue velvet,  
seal hat with blue feathers, Ameri-  
can beauty corsage, string of pearls.

Mrs. George Murphy, golden brown  
crepe meteor, mink fur trimmings,  
real lace, diamond lavelier.

Mrs. J. M. Elder, black lace dress,  
black and gold hat, American beauty  
corsage.

Mrs. C. B. Rowley, white lingerie  
gown, cluny lace, American beauty  
corsage.

Mrs. M. T. Dunn, black accordion  
pleated chiffon over black satin, or-  
iental bands, large black picture hat  
with ostrich plumes.

Mrs. George Whitney, white ling-  
erie gown, corsage American beau-  
ties.

Mrs. C. L. Burnett, white lingerie  
gown with cluny, black velvet ribbon  
trimmings.

Mrs. E. O. Webb, yellow brocade  
in, old blue and gold embroidery  
bands, white aligrette.

Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll, lavender  
satin, white hat with white plumes.

Mrs. Lyan, of Bemidji, lavender  
satin inset with cluny lace and  
rich embroidery, corsage of real  
pearls and American beauties.

Mrs. Hodgden, of Aitkin, laven-  
der gown of embroidered crepe with  
head dress.

Werner Hemstead, gray char-  
meuse with gray spangled overdress,  
clusters of pink roses, paradise hair  
net.

Mrs. Mitchell, white satin,  
overdress, crystal trimmings,  
hair dress, black slippers.

Mrs. Steiger, Minneapolis, light  
blue chiffon overdress, cor-  
sage in Veil lace, pink sat-  
in.

Mrs. S. McClenahan, light blue  
satin, chiffon, gold lace bands,  
head dress.

Mrs. L. Frederick, cluny lace  
black velvet trimmings, cor-  
sage of sweet peas, string of  
pearls.

Mrs. A. Fleming, blue char-  
meuse, oriental bands trimmings, and  
pearl cap head dress.

Mrs. Stanton Sanborn of Be-  
midji, blue satin, overdress of  
chiffon lace, gold trimmings.

Mrs. Lyan, of Bemidji,  
satin with pink chiffon over-  
dresses, pink head dress.

Mrs. Armstrong, black crepe  
satin and silver trimmings.

Mrs. J. Reilly, lavender crepe  
satin, silver lace and English  
culture.

Mrs. Reilly, princess lace  
charmeuse, cerise vel-  
vet, gold slippers.

Mrs. Reilly, pink chiffon over-  
dresses, cerise vel-  
vet.

Mrs. Poppenberg, pink flow-

ered silk, white net and lace over-  
dress and pink satin ribbon head  
dress.

Miss Bessie Wieland, pink satin,  
pink chiffon overdress, clusters of  
pink roses.

Miss Corna Stickney, white ling-  
erie, head dress, and corsage of pink  
roses.

Miss Esther Bellmuth, pink satin  
chiffon, garniture of forget-me-  
nots and rosebuds.

Blanche Entriiken, pink satin  
chiffon, marquisette overdress and  
diamonds.

Mrs. Murphy, lavender satin,  
overdress, crystal fringe and  
diamonds.

Mrs. Carlson, pink satin with  
garlands of pink roses.

Miss Irene Hodgden of Aitkin,  
yellow satin entraine, black and gold  
overdress, gold slippers.

Mrs. Charles J. Duffey, old blue  
voile with overdress of silk net and  
lace.

Miss Jule O'Brien, apricot chiffon,  
Venetian lace, gold fringe over white  
satin.

Mrs. Elmer Hetting, yellow accor-  
dion pleated satin, light blue chiffon  
overdress, yellow rose trimmings.

Mrs. H. P. Dunn, old blue crepe and  
florentine lace trimmings, corsage  
bouquet of forget-me-nots and Ameri-  
can beauties.

Mrs. Arthur W. Ide, cream char-  
meuse veiled in golden brown chiffon  
cloth and trimmings of cerise velvet.

Mrs. H. W. Linnemann, light blue  
charmeuse, half bodice of chantilly  
lace and LaFrance roses in corsage,  
large black velvet picture hat trim-  
med with light blue feathers.

Miss May O'Brien, yellow char-  
meuse veiled in lavender grenadine  
caught with bows of lavender vel-  
vet ribbon, French voiles for her  
bouquet.

Miss Alice Lydon, of Minneapolis,  
blue embroidered chiffon over pink  
satin and carried roses.

Mrs. George Ridley, pink embroi-  
dered crepe, wreath of pink roses in  
hair.

Mrs. Albert J. Ellison, white crepe,  
light blue velvet and cluny lace trim-  
mings.

Miss Frances Quinn, cerise satin,  
overdress of cerise chiffon banded  
with gold lace, white feather hair  
dress.

Miss Hannah Swanson, black and  
white striped silk messaline, satin  
cerise and gold trimmings, gold band  
on hair.

Miss Mae Staples, salmon crepe  
meteor, point lace.

Mrs. Charles W. Mahlum, crepe de-  
chine over messaline, pearl fringe and  
violet.

Miss Dorothy Mahlum, old blue  
messaline, chiffon overdress of blue,  
clusters of pink roses.

Miss Bessie A. Paine, lingerie,  
Irish lace medallions, pink satin roses,  
hair dress of pearls.

Mrs. P. W. Donovan, white lace  
gown over white satin garnitures of  
blue chiffon.

Miss Anne Mahlum, white lace over  
white satin, mirabeau trimmings,  
American beauty roses.

Mrs. J. T. Sanborn, black crepe me-  
teor, black chantilly lace and corsage  
American beauties and lilies of the  
valley.

Mrs. C. D. Johnson changeable blue  
and gold silk with trimmings of gold  
lace and carried American beauties.

Miss Dorothy Baker, tanned silk,  
trimmings of light blue satin and  
pearl hair dress, American beauty  
roses.

Mrs. Jennie Bevins, black satin  
gown with black tared lace trim-  
mings, violet velvet.

Mrs. Fox, gray crepe with white  
lace trimmings.

Miss Kitty Johnson, pink satin  
charmeuse with white crepe over-  
dresses and pink flowers.

Miss Hanson, light blue messaline,  
gold band in hair.

Mrs. A. C. Weber, light blue silk  
trimmed with baby Irish lace, white  
and blue roses.

Mrs. R. Morrison, navy blue foul-  
ard trimmed with Persian bands and  
white net.

Miss Mabel Lovdahl, of Crosby,  
blue crepe with marten fur trim-  
mings and head dress of blue.

Miss Vogel, of Crosby, white hand-  
painted chiffon over white satin.

Miss Maude Cullen, pink satin with  
white marquisette and roses.

Miss Della Reagan, salmon colored  
satin with white lace and black vel-  
vet trimmings.

Mrs. J. A. Thabes, blue charmeuse  
with overdress of blue oriental crepe,  
gold and pearl trimmings.

Mrs. R. D. King, salmon colored  
satin with oriental overdress of mar-  
quisette.

Mrs. J. P. Anderson, blue silk with  
butter colored lace trimmings.

Miss Erickson, of Superior, Wis.,  
cerise satin, cerise slippers, overdress  
of gold cloth, gold cap.

Miss Bess Burgoine, pink char-  
meuse, pink chiffon overdress, cap of  
gold lace with garland of pink roses.

Miss Mae Belle Grewcox, white  
satin and pink overdress of chiffon  
with black velvet trimmings.

Miss Ethel Parker, cream char-  
meuse, overdress of white chiffon,  
bands of Nile green satin and silver  
net throw.

Mrs. F. G. Hall, pink French em-  
broidered lingerie gown, mirabeau  
head dress and wore violets.

Mrs. Bruce J. Broady, light laven-  
der trimmed in violets, silver head  
dress.

Mrs. D. A. Haggard, blue satin,  
black chantilly lace overdress, Ameri-  
can beauty roses.

Mrs. James Casey, sea foam green  
satin, brown martin trimmings, cut  
velvet pants.

Mrs. Fred Stillings, black crepe,  
Advt.

## NEW YEAR'S DAY PROGRAM

The Commercial Club Will Have  
Open House and all Citizens are  
Cordially Invited

## MACHINISTS DANCE TONIGHT

Watch Night Service at 7th St. Nor-  
Luth. Church Commences at 10  
P. M. This Evening

The first day of the New Year 1913,  
dawns at midnight tonight and the  
coming of this auspicious day means  
much enjoyment in a social way for  
the citizens of Brainerd.

The Commercial club will have an  
open house on New Year's day. All  
citizens are welcome, and all are in-  
vited to spend their leisure time in  
the cozy rooms of the club.

At ten o'clock this evening the  
watch night service participated in  
by many of the churches of the city  
will be held at the Seventh Street  
Norwegian Lutheran church, the ex-  
ercises commencing at ten o'clock  
this evening and lasting until short-  
ly after midnight. As stated by  
Rev. G. Phil Sheridan, pastor of the  
First Congregational church: "It  
will be a united effort to create the  
right atmosphere in our community  
that this particular season demands.  
Every effort has been put into the  
program to make this meeting the  
most profitable that Brainerd has  
witnessed." There will be addresses  
by local ministers and special musical  
numbers. This is a united meeting  
with everybody invited and no offer-  
ing.

The machinists union, following  
their custom, will give a big ball on  
New Year's eve; the event taking  
place in the Brainerd auditorium.

Communion services will be cele-  
brated on New Year's day at 10:45  
in the morning at the Seventh Street  
Norwegian Lutheran church, Rev.  
M. L. Hostager officiating. There  
will be no evening service. All  
should please note the change from  
evening to morning service.

The Adzuman club of Shriners will  
take a sleigh ride to Barrows at three  
o'clock on the afternoon of New  
Year's day and returning will enjoy  
an oyster supper at Masonic hall.  
This event is only for Shriners and  
their wives and invited friends.

Irish crochet lace trimmings.

Mrs. C. W. Hoffman, white lingerie  
dress, real valenciennes and cluny  
lace trimmings.

Mrs. C. A. Albright, white lingerie  
gown, pink hair dress, pink girdle.

Miss Nell Fie Alderman, pink satin  
with pink chiffon overdress, gold  
lace.

Mrs. C. Grandemyer, black satin  
with black and white striped over-  
dress, pearl laveliere, black hat.

Miss Caroline L. Morrison, emerald  
green satin with crystal overures,  
pearl beads, pearl head dress.

Mrs. E. S. Houghton, blue chiffon,  
pink roses, gold trimmings.

Mrs. C. A. Callan, pink chiffon  
over pink satin, black velvet ribbon  
trimmings, pink roses in hair.

There were many other beautiful  
gowns of which space and time do  
not allow mention, but which never-  
theless, were very becoming, costly  
and lovely creations.

## Could Shout For Joy

"I want to thank you from the  
bottom of my heart," wrote C. B.  
Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the  
wonderful double benefit I got from  
Electric Bitters, in curing me of  
both a severe case of stomach trou-  
ble and of rheumatism, from which I  
had been an almost helpless sufferer  
for ten years. It suited my case as  
though made just for me." For dys-  
pepsia, indigestion, jaundice, and to  
rid the system of kidney poisons that  
cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters  
have no superior. Try them. Every  
bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only  
50 cents at H. P. Dunn's.—Advt.

## Flurry In Hams.

"If I ever catch the editor of the  
Swampdoodle Gazette I am going to  
thrash him within an inch of his life,"  
said the tall Theoplan in the celluloid  
collar. "Never was so insulted in my  
life."

"What happened, me lord?" asked his  
chum of the footlights.

"Why, on our last tour we got strand-  
ed and passed the night in a barn.  
Somehow the barn caught fire and we  
had to run for our lives."

"And did the Swampdoodle Gazette  
write it up?"

"Did it? Why, the next day the whole  
thing came out on the market page un-  
der the heading of 'Another Flurry In  
Smoked Hams.'"—Chicago Journal.

## The Carp.

Every time the carp breathes it  
moves 4,320 bones and muscles. Its  
veins number 4,320.

## Drives Off a Terror

The chief executioner of death in  
the winter and spring months is  
pneumonia. Its advance agents are  
colds and grip. In any attack by  
one of these maladies no time should  
be lost in taking the best medicine  
obtainable to drive it off. Countless  
thousands have found this to be Dr.  
King's New Discovery. "My hus-  
band believes it has kept him from  
having pneumonia three of four  
times," writes Mrs. George W. Place,  
Rawsonville, Vt., "and for coughs,  
colds and croup we have never found  
its equal." Guaranteed for all bron-  
chial affections. Price 50c and \$1.  
Trial bottle free at H. P. Dunn's.—  
Advt.

## M. D. &amp; W. RAILWAY NEW EXTENSION

Deer River, Minn., December 31—  
Credence is being given the reports  
that the Minnesota, Dakota & West-  
ern railroad will build an extension  
this spring to Craig, the northern  
terminus of the Deer River logging  
railroad. Last fall heavy steel was  
laid 20 miles south from Little Forks  
and now it is reported that the log-  
ging road will extend its line on to  
Craig, thus giving thia service from  
International Falls to Deer River.

## OFFICERS ELECTED

By Brainerd Ministerial Association  
at Monday's Meeting,  
Dec. 30

At yesterday's meeting of the Min-  
isterial association, the election of  
officers took place and the following  
were elected for a term of six  
months:

President—Rev. G. Phil Sheridan,  
of the First Congregational church.

Vice President—Rev. A. Zabel, of  
the German Evangelical church.

Secretary—Rev. R. E. Cody, of the  
Baptist church.

Program Committee—Rev. B.  
Campbell, of the Episcopal church;  
Rev. E. E. Satterlee, of the Methodist  
church.

The association meets every Mon-  
day afternoon at three o'clock in the  
Y. M. C. A. Matters pertaining to  
the life of the churches and the com-  
munity are discussed. During the  
next six months the program com-  
mittee have been asked to commu-  
nicate with a number of the profes-  
sional men in town for the purpose  
of having them on the program. The  
ministers are very anxious to be of  
real service to the community at  
large and any suggestions from the  
laymen will be much appreciated.  
The association wishes the commu-  
nity the best year in 1913 that is pos-  
sible to wish.

## Famous Stage Beauties

look with horror on Skin Eruptions,  
Blistches, Sores or Pimples. They  
don't have them. For all such  
troubles use Bucklen's Arnica Salve.  
It glorifies the face. Excellent for  
Eczema or Salt Rheum, it cures sore  
lips, chapped hands, chilblains, heels,  
burns, cuts and bruises. Unsur-  
passed for piles. 25c at H. P. Dunn's  
—Advt.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

December 27  
Caroline H. Addison formerly Caro-  
line H. Steele and husband, Kath-  
erine B. Appleby et al to Gull  
River Lumber Co. lot 1 or frl. se of  
ne and ne of se of 4-135-28; nw of  
nw of 22-135-28; lots 1 and 2 or  
frl. ne of 30-135-28 qcd \$156.58.  
Nehemiah P. Clarke and N. P.  
Clarke & Co., insolvents by as-  
signee to Myron Dederick et al se  
and sw of se of 6-43-28 qcd \$1.  
Ernest Jeune single, to Wm. H. Lock-  
er lots 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 in sec.  
4-46-29 wd \$1 etc.  
W. H. Locker and wife to Steelton  
Land & Townsite Co. lots 6, 7, 8,  
9 and 11 in sec. 4-46-29 wd \$1 etc.  
Clinton Morrison widower, to Gull  
River Lumber Co. lots 3 and 4, sw  
of sw of 3-135-28; et al sw and lot  
3 of 9-135-28 qcd \$1.  
Duluth Land & Timber Co. to J. H.  
Miller lot 1 blk. 4 Manganese wd  
Torrens.

E. E. Krueger and wife and E. W.  
Krueger and wife to George O'Cal-  
laghan lots 31 and 32 blk. 5 Cros-  
by wd Torrens.

## Notice

The Brainerd Business college will  
open Tuesday, Jan. 7th. Night  
school Wednesday, January 8th. G.  
A. Martin, Principal.—Adv. d1-w

THE SUNRISE SONG  
OF THE MIKADO  
BRINGS GIRL FAME.

The thing we want  
Is hearts that rise above earth's worries  
Like  
The sun at morn, rising above the clouds,  
Splendid and strong.

I stand at morn  
And view the smoke curling above the  
roofs  
In great volume, and thereby I know  
The age is one of growing industries.

O man, look up even in the hour of veal,  
When progress leads the nation, and re-  
vere  
The grace of God that watches o'er the  
earth!

When hearts of men  
Are cloudless free from all defiling strain,  
The mighty gods, clearly beholding them,  
Fill them with pure light.

No need to hear  
Grudge against heaven or wreak one's  
spiteful spleen  
Against one's fellow men when one re-  
flects  
On his own errors.

Miss Sola Koruto Moritsu, declared  
to be one of the cleverest English  
scholars in all Japan, has won honor  
and fame among foreigners as well as  
compatriots by her rendering in Eng-  
lish of the "Sunrise Song" of the late  
Emperor Mutsuhito, the poetic effusion  
being among the latest compositions of  
that famous monarch.

Miss Moritsu is but little more than  
eighteen, but she has herself written  
for several years, contributing to both  
Japanese and English periodicals. Her  
parents are well to do people of Kobe,  
where the young lady is at present re-  
siding.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY  
Take J. J. ANATIVE BROMO Quine Tab-  
lets. Druggists refund money if it fails to  
cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on  
each box. 25c.

## "MICHAEL'S"

We Wish  
Our Many Friends  
A Very Happy New Year  
Attended with Prosperity

## DESIRE TO AMEND ANTI-PASS LAW

Bill to be Introduced by Senator  
Johnson and Representatives  
Vasaly and Bouck

## AT THE COMING LEGISLATURE

Permitting Railway Employees to Re-  
tain Passes While Holding Muni-  
cipal or School Offices

Following the conference held by  
Senator C. D. Johnson, of this city,  
Representatives L. W. Vasaly of Lit-  
tle Falls and Charles W. Bouck of  
Royalton, Alderman Henning and  
Messrs. Jones and Weber of this city,  
the latter three acting for the ma-  
chinists' union, an amendment was  
agreed upon to be attached to the  
present anti-pass law of Minnesota,  
such amendment to be presented to  
the senate by Senator C. D. Johnson  
and by Representatives Vasaly and  
Bouck to the house at the coming ses-  
sion of the legislature.

The amendment, as drawn by Jay  
Henry Long for the committee states  
that any railroad company may issue  
free passes to its employees while oc-  
cupying office or position under a mu-  
nicipality or public school district.

It has been so hard to get good shop  
and railway men from the second and  
third wards of Brainerd to take school  
and city offices, because the accept-  
ance of such offices means the abso-  
lute cutting off of individual and  
family passes on the railway.

As an instance one may take Al-  
derman R. A. Henning's case. When  
he went to Milwaukee, Wis., with  
his family to visit relatives, he had  
to pay fares for himself and family  
through Minnesota to the state line.  
When he was suffering with rheuma-  
tism and was sent to the Hot Springs  
of Montana, he had to pay his fare to  
the state line near Fargo, N. D., and  
all because he was a shopman who  
had accepted the call of his constitu-  
ents in the third ward to represent  
that ward on the city council. As  
the anti-pass law stands at present it  
imposes quite a burden and a sacrifice  
on the shop man or railroad man  
who forfeits his pass when he ac-  
cepts office on the school board, in  
the city council or on the water and  
light board.

Recently the Northern Pacific rail-  
way, to show the esteem in which  
the company holds men who have  
been in its employ 20 years or more,  
gave them permanent passes good in  
all parts of the country, but even  
this great privilege collapses should  
the holder of such a pass become a  
member of the school board, an al-  
derman or hold any other municipal  
office.

The entire amended bill as it will  
be presented to the house, reads as  
follows:

An act to amend chapter 449 of  
the general laws of Minnesota for  
1907, being an act to prohibit the  
granting to or use by any person of  
any free pass, frank or special privi-  
leges withheld from any other per-  
son and to fix a penalty for the viola-  
tion thereof.

Be it enacted by the legislature of  
the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. That the last para-  
graph of section one (1) of Chapter  
449 of the general laws of Minnesota  
for the year One Thousand Nine  
Hundred and Seven, be and the same  
is hereby amended to read as fol-  
lows:

Provided, further, that no free  
transportation shall be issue or given  
to any person when such person  
is a member of, employed by or in  
any way connected with any politi



## PARCEL POST NEW YEAR'S

Brainerd Will Have This Service  
Commencing January 1st and  
Local Office is Equipped

### DISTINCTIVE STAMPS USED

Patrons and Employees Will Adapt  
Themselves to the New Order of  
Things in Short Time

Every thing is in readiness at the local postoffice to put into operation from this city the parcel post system which has been adopted by the government for the mailing of parcels of the fourth class weighing over four ounces and not over eleven pounds and on January 1st the business will start. It is expected that some confusion will attend the inauguration of the service but patrons of the office and the postoffice employees will both adapt themselves to the service and it will be but a short time until it will work in as a part of the great system of mail delivery attempted and carried out to perfection by Uncle Sam.

Those who have occasion to patronize this branch of the mail service will discover that a special and distinctive stamp must be used for the dispatch of parcels and that the ordinary postage stamp is not good for parcel post business, and if a parcel is mailed with the ordinary stamp affixed the same will be treated as "held for postage" and the sender will be notified that parcel post

der to insure the prompt delivery and also to prevent the clogging of ordinary mail at the same time.

The zone system is used for the protection of the home merchant, and under the parcel post local merchants will come within a closer zone than the mail order houses of the cities, consequently the postage will be less than theirs and the difference can be utilized by the local dealer to the disadvantage of the dealer who has to ship his goods three or four times as far. The rural telephone service will be brought into use by people living in the country to order from the city stores by parcel post, and in return those living in the city can order country produce from the farmer by telephone and have the same come by parcel post at very little expense.

### Old and New Rate for Mailing Local Packages for Delivery in Brainerd.

Parcels weighing four ounces or less are mailable at the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than four ounces shown by the following table, and are mailable at the pound rate, as when mailed at this rate any fraction of a pound is considered a full pound:

Weight	New Rate	Old Rate
1 pound	5 cents	16 cents
2 pounds	6 cents	32 cents
3 pounds	7 cents	48 cents
4 pounds	8 cents	64 cents
5 pounds	9 cents	Not accepted
6 pounds	10 cents	Not accepted
7 pounds	11 cents	Not accepted
8 pounds	12 cents	Not accepted
9 pounds	13 cents	Not accepted
10 pounds	14 cents	Not accepted
11 pounds	15 cents	Not accepted

### Parcel Post Zone Rates

Weight	Local rate	1st Zone rate	2d Zone rate	3d Zone rate
1 pound	\$0.05	\$0.05	\$0.06	\$0.07
2 pounds	.06	.08	.10	.12
3 pounds	.07	.11	.14	.17
4 pounds	.08	.14	.18	.22
5 pounds	.09	.17	.22	.27
6 pounds	.10	.20	.26	.32
7 pounds	.11	.23	.30	.37
8 pounds	.12	.26	.34	.42
9 pounds	.13	.29	.38	.47
10 pounds	.14	.32	.42	.52
11 pounds	.15	.35	.46	.57

Weight	4th zone rate	5th zone rate	6th zone rate	7th zone rate	8th zone rate
1 pound	\$0.08	\$0.09	\$0.10	\$0.11	\$0.12
2 pounds	.14	.16	.19	.21	.24
3 pounds	.20	.23	.28	.31	.36
4 pounds	.26	.30	.37	.41	.48
5 pounds	.32	.37	.46	.51	.60
6 pounds	.38	.44	.55	.61	.72
7 pounds	.44	.51	.64	.71	.84
8 pounds	.50	.58	.73	.81	.96
9 pounds	.56	.65	.82	.91	1.08
10 pounds	.62	.72	.91	1.01	1.20
11 pounds	.68	.79	1.00	1.11	1.32

stamps must be affixed before it can be dispatched. And in connection with this is another point the public must bear in mind and that is that all parcels must bear the return card of the sender, otherwise they will not be accepted for mailing.

The new stamps used in this connection are all printed in red, while the postage due stamp is green, and both are considerably larger than the stamps used on ordinary mail, and they will be on sale January 1st. Any mailable parcel, on which the postage is fully prepaid may be insured against loss in an amount equivalent to its value, but not to exceed \$50, on payment of a fee of 10 cents in addition to the postage. Packages to be sent by parcel post can not be registered, the insurance feature covering that point and making it unnecessary.

Under these new regulations one will be able to mail almost anything that can be made into a package not exceeding 11 pounds in weight nor greater in size than 72 inches in length and girth combined, nor of a form liable to injure a postal employee or damage other mail matter. Perishable articles may be sent through the mails only under specific restrictions as to their containers and the distance they are to be sent. Butter, lard, fish, fresh meats, dressed fowls, vegetables, fruits, berries, and similar articles, likely to quickly decay, may be sent short distances when securely packed.

Eggs will be accepted by local delivery when packed properly in a container, and for any distance when each egg is separately packed in a perfectly secure manner.

No restriction is placed on the mailing of salted, dried, smoked or cured meats, but fresh meat will be transported only within the first zone.

Fragile articles, including millinery, toys, musical instruments, and articles of glass in whole or in part, must be securely packed and marked "fragile."

Articles that may not be sent by parcel post include intoxicating liquors of all kinds, poisons, poisonous animals, insects or reptiles, explosives of every kind, inflammable articles, including matches, infernal machines, pistols or revolvers, disease germs, any obscene defamatory or scurrilous matter now prohibited by law, live or dead animals, or birds or live poultry, raw hides or pelts, or anything having a bad odor.

Books and printed matter may not be forwarded at parcels post rates, but only at the pound rate or as third class matter.

The collection and delivery of parcel post mail is the one big question to figure out and it has not yet been solved, nor will it until the new feature has been in operation for some time and actual experience added to the wisdom of those who have the matter in hand. It is a question that must be worked out carefully in or-

## CONGRESS FACES CRISIS ON TOLLS

President Wants England's  
Protest Arbitrated.

### U. S. WOULD CERTAINLY LOSE

Granting Free Passage of American  
Coastwise Vessels in Canal an Arbitrary  
Move—Would Now Save Walnut  
Trees, With \$10,000 Appropriation—  
La Follette Becomes a Listener.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Congress must take the responsibility of blocking arbitration of canal tolls, the big international question in dispute between the United States and Great Britain. In fact, President Taft is going to "put it up" to the senate in the near future when the British note of protest is communicated to congress. Minority Leader Mann, who has given more attention to canal matters than any other member of congress, asserts positively that the time for arbitration has passed; that congress having taken action in fixing tolls, there is no question to arbitrate. President Taft has not agreed with him and is determined to give the senate an opportunity to act upon an arbitration treaty in accordance with his well known policy of extending arbitration to all disputes.

### Would Be Against Us.

One reason why there is so much opposition to submitting the canal tolls to arbitration is because it is sure to go against the United States. There can be no question about the terms of the treaty, and no tribunal would decide otherwise. The only object congress seemed to have in allowing free tolls for American coastwise ships was to make it appear that we were getting something out of the vast expenditure for constructing the canal. But the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which this country should never have sanctioned, made it imperative to fix tolls alike, and congress simply took one method of violating the treaty when free tolls for the coastwise vessels were granted.

### Constituencies Criticized.

Although we are one great, glorious, united people, there are times when it would seem that the divisions between sections are pretty sharply drawn. During the consideration of the immigration bill different constituencies were at times criticized by members. For instance, the charge of illiteracy was flung at some southern districts, and southern men retorted by charging that different cities were packed with paupers. Of course the men representing the constituencies criticised came back with hot defenses of their respective districts. It was noticed that these minor wars were generally between the men from the big cities and southerners.

The southerners were hot for restriction, while the city men were as strongly opposed. The western farming districts were rather neutral, but the tendency toward restriction was shown in the very large vote for the bill.

### An Interesting Visitor.

Congressman Austin of Tennessee had a very interesting visitor recently when a woman eighty years old called on him. She told him of having once sat in the White House and listened to a discussion between Lincoln and Seward when some matter of importance was considered. And still later she had been in the White House and talked with Garfield just before he left for that fatal trip to the seaside.

### A "Real" Indian.

Congressman Carter of Oklahoma, who is seven-sixteenths Choctaw and Cherokee Indian, was arranging the people who were sent into the Indian country for their lack of knowledge of Indian affairs and conditions. He reminded him of meeting a young newspaper man in Washington some time ago and being introduced as an Indian. "Carter, are you a real Indian?" he asked. "I am," replied Carter. "Are you one of the fellows who are on the tribal rolls and get lands and money?" he asked. "I am," again answered Carter. "Well," said the newspaper man, "I am a white man, but you know I wrote two articles on the habits, traits and characteristics of the American Indian, for which I got \$250, and you are the first confounded Indian I ever met in my life."

### La Follette Listens.

It is a rather noticeable fact that Senator La Follette was more regularly in his seat during the short session before adjournment than usual. The Wisconsin senator formerly was not one of those to sit and listen to the debates in the senate, but that was when the presidential race was bothering him to a considerable extent. Now he has more time to give to the business of the senate.

### Walnut Trees.

It is like our people to wake up just a little late and find that something very valuable has been wasted. That was the case with the buffalo and with other things that at one time seemed inexhaustible. Congressman Baker of California wants to spend \$10,000 of government money to see if something cannot be done to preserve walnut trees and cultivate them. The nuts are the very best grown, but there was an awful waste of walnut trees a few years ago to make furniture.

### GOOD MANNERS.

Good manners are a short cut to one's goal. They lubricate the wheels of life instead of obstructing them.—Wharton.

### Better Off.

"Are you better off for getting married?"  
"Yes; formerly I had good quarters."  
"And now?"  
"Well, now I have a better half."—Exchange.

## JOSEF HOFMANN, NOTED PIANIST, IS INVENTOR.

Devises Jar Absorber to Replace Auto Springs.

That one may be a mechanical genius and a musician is the conviction which Hippolyte Saurer of Arbon, Switzerland, one of the family interested in the manufacture of automobile trucks, expresses. Mr. Saurer, who is in this country on business, is quite sure that music and mechanics may be combined because, he asserts, Josef Hofmann, the pianist, has demonstrated his mechanical ability by inventing a new type of shock absorber for heavy motor vehicles. Mr. Saurer says he considers the invention the most interesting automobile development in the last five years.

Mr. Hofmann's device, which he applied to an old auto of his in Europe, is not on the market, because it has only recently received a sufficient test to satisfy Mr. Saurer. It has had some hard trials and is at present being run under severe conditions in connection with the Paris Automobile salon.

It is difficult to describe the device fully without a series of drawings, but, roughly speaking, it consists of an air chamber, fixed to the frame, into which a piston, with a top like a mushroom, mounted on the axle, fits snugly. The air chamber forms a cushion to take up shocks. The action of the piston in the air chamber gives a less violent jar on rough roads than the usual spring. It gives "better curves," as Mr. Saurer put it.

When an auto encounters a hole, with the present type of spring, the whole vehicle follows the wheel down into the hollow before the spring action is felt in recovery. The Hofmann device, on the other hand, is said to allow the wheel to descend first, as it were, followed much more slowly by the frame. The difference in this "drop" was put at about 30 per cent by Mr. Saurer. He added that in going over a bump with the new form of spring the same advantage over the action of the old form could be noted. Thus, the elliptical spring throws up the frame when a bump is encountered by the wheel, while in the new shock absorber this "lift" is largely taken up in the device itself.

### HUSBAND NOT ABSOLUTE.

Writer Praises Swiss Code That Omits the Word "Obey."

In a magazine article on "Women and Marriage in Switzerland and in France," from the civil, the moral and the religious points of view, a Paris writer explains how Switzerland has revised and modified the chapters of the civil code concerning marriage. In the new code, which came into force in January, 1912, the word "obedience" was deleted, and the writer hopes France will soon follow the example of Switzerland in this important particular.

Confugal union, represented by the wife and her husband, is no longer an absolute monarchy under the government of the husband, but a family republic, a mutual association founded on common agreement. In this union the wife owes her husband, according to her strength, aid and counsel in view of the common prosperity of the menage which she directs.

Thus the law now recognizes the right of the wife to give counsel to her former lord and master—a remarkable innovation. She has now an equal share in paternal power. Husband and wife henceforth share equally the direction of the education and religious instruction of their children, and a child has the right at the age of sixteen to choose the religious confession which he or she prefers to adopt.

### INDICTED FOR TRAIN ROBBERS

Two Charged With Attempt to Obtain \$70,000 Loot.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 31.—John Hartnett and Elmer Vigus were indicted by the grand jury on the charge of holding up the Chicago and Alton "Hummer" and attempting to blow the safe in the express car which contained approximately \$70,000. The indictments were returned just one week after the crime was committed. The men were arrested here the day after the holdup and were identified by members of the train crew.

### MAY PATROL ICEBERG ZONE.

Hydrographer Asks Naval Watch For High Seas.

The recommendation that the navy patrol the steamship routes of the north Atlantic ocean during the iceberg season is made by Commander George F. Cooper, chief hydrographer, in his annual report for the current year. Such a patrol was maintained for two months last summer on the recommendation of the naval hydrographic office by the scout cruisers Birmingham and Chester, following the loss of the Titanic on April 15. Commander Cooper reviews the circumstances surrounding the sinking of the Titanic and states that his office has been instrumental in bringing about changes in the steamship routes, owing to the presence of ice far south of the usual locations of ice fields.

He says the branch of the naval hydrographic office maintained at New York has been of great service during the year. This office has established recently on the floor of the Maritime Exchange a chart on glass of the north Atlantic ocean, on which is shown daily the position of every obstruction to navigation. The chart has been found so useful that the Philadelphia exchange has asked for a similar chart, which will be supplied.

The New York office has rendered excellent service in distributing daily and nightly the latest authentic news of ice and other menaces to navigation. Only lack of men and money prevents this office, Commander Cooper states, from rendering even greater services to navigation.

## NO PROSPECT OF EUROPEAN WAR

Count Witte Says Peace Is  
Assured For Years.

### RUSSIA AVOIDS CONFLICT.

Former Premier Reviews Conditions of  
That Country and Declares They Are  
In Transition, Pointing to Advance.  
Says Other Powers Also Aim at In-  
ternational Quiet and Friendliness.

A review of conditions in Russia and the prospects for a European war was recently written by Count Sergius Witte, former premier of Russia. He says that his country is on the way to conservative constitutionalism, brought about by the better understanding of the manifesto of 1905.

As for the international situation, Count Witte says Russia for one does not desire war. She needs peace too badly. He says this situation exists in every other European nation where economic welfare is at stake. The next war, he says, will be for colonial conquests.

His review, translated from the Russian by Herman Bernstein, follows:

"Russia is at present in a state of transition. We have neither real constitutionalism nor real absolutism. In our political life there are many features which may be called abnormal. These have been called forth by the fact that at the moment Russia was made happy by the throne in the gracious manifesto of Oct. 17, 1905, proclaiming a new constitutional regime, neither the liberal nor the conservative parties were able to penetrate properly the new order of things.

"The liberal parties did not understand the psychological moment; they did not occupy themselves with practical politics in a constitutional spirit, but immediately endeavored to secure a parliamentary form of government, which the manifesto of Oct. 17 did not have in view and which did not respond to the actual needs of Russia at that time.

"The mistake of the liberals, the blunder of the liberal parties, consisted in the fact that by their actions they drifted far away from the correct conception of the logic of history. They failed to realize that history knows no leaps and bounds. Like nature, history does not allow such leaps and bounds to go un punished.

"As for the international situation, I am fully convinced that Russia does not want any war. On the contrary, Russia is very sincerely striving toward a policy of peace in international affairs. The country lived through a painful war several years ago, and even if that war had ended successfully for Russia she would have needed the rest which every victor needs.

"Russia is now especially in need of rest, and consequently she is in need of peace during this period of transition when she is elaborating and strengthening her new form of government.

### Peace Assured For Years.

"In my opinion, the general position of Europe is such that peace is assured for many years to come. At the present time a European war would have assumed proportions compared with which all wars in the past would seem but child's play.

"Not a single European power could desire war in principle when it takes into consideration the terrible consequences to which such a war would lead. Every war is a risk, even to the power that is sure of victory. There is no country whose economic welfare would not be affected even by a successful war. This explains

the pacific inclination of the European powers.

"There is no reason to fear a great European war in the near future. Such a war threatens us only in the far past and particularly in those countries which are outside the pale of European and American civilization. Evidently the great powers are bent on dividing among themselves all the lands outside of Europe which have not yet been occupied.

"The French have taken Tunis, Morocco, England has taken Egypt, Italy has taken Tripoli, Germany has taken Korea, etc. Austria has occupied Bosnia and Herzegovina. The great problems of today will be solved by the division of the lands of Europe, and therefore the only distance which may call for conflict between some of the great powers is the conflict of interests in the far East.

"The next war will be a colonial conquest. All other conditions having a direct relation to Europe will be only motives for a universal war; but, on the other hand, the general opposition to war and the consciousness of the responsibilities for the consequences of such a war to all participants are the only guarantees of peace. Herein lies the inner logic of history.

"The representative of peaceful industry is replacing war. The enormous preparations for war add the terrible power of the European armies and navies guarantee the calm and confidence which we need so badly. The fear inspired by these powers is the best security of the peaceful equilibrium of Europe.

"He who is able to understand all this sees clearly the inner logic of history."

## MINUTE "MOVIES" OF THE NEWS RIGHT OFF THE REEL.

New York Swiss club held a banquet and nobody yodeled.

More baby carriages have been sold this year than ever before.

Twenty-seven hunters and 15,000 deer were killed in New England this season.

Woman one hundred years old in British Columbia won several prizes for fancy work.

Emperor William of Germany has had a moving picture theater installed in his palace at Potsdam.

A fifteen-year-old boy has been sent to the Missouri State reformatory for six years for killing a cat.

The last word in cold storage atrocities comes from Tarrytown, where a hen lays her eggs in an icehouse.

It is not exactly a high cost of living note, but rattlesnake poison has increased in price from \$2 to \$5 an ounce.

The Rev. George W. Grinton of Fordham believes that wives are entitled to two nights off a week as much as is the rook.

Isaac S. Heller of New York spent three days at Hot Springs, Va., tracing a toothbrush he had left in a Pullman car.

Not many records come from Ashtabula, O., but a young bride who has just applied for a divorce there has made one. She was married at 3:30 p. m., arrived home at 4:30 p. m., and separated from her husband at 5:30 p. m., all on the same day.



## WANT

Notices under this heading charged for at the rate of one cent a word for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements will be taken for less than cents.

### HELP WANTED

ANTED—Good girl for housework. Apply to Mrs. J. W. E. Lively.

ANTED—Middle aged lady for children. No housework. Apply to Gus Raymond, 178 Minn.

### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Gasoline wood rig, all complete, six horsepower. W. E. Lively.

FOR RENT—Furnished and furnished room, well heated. Opposite the postoffice. In S. Gardner. Phone 431-178.

### FOR SALE

USED AUTO—Albert Angel.

FOR SALE—Good, fresh cow. J. Hayes, 1022 South Seventh Street.

### MISCELLANEOUS

LOST—A red Irish setter with white strip on nose. Had collar on with tag bearing my name. Geo. Weber, Brainerd, Minn.

FOUND—A pocketbook was found the postoffice lobby containing sum of money. The owner can claim the same by identifying property and paying for this notice.

### ENGINEERING

F. A. GLASS, Engineer. Examinations, Directing, Surveys and Engineering. Glass' map of Cuyuna is the best and is up to date covering mineral areas. Crow Wing, Aitkin, Morrison and Cass counties. Size 24x52 on paper \$4. Size 24x52 on cloth \$5.

## IT'S DIFFERENT

INDUSTRIAL SHINE STAYS. USED AND SOLD BY HARDWARE DEALERS. GET A CAN TODAY.

## NO OTHER STOVE DOES THIS

Cole's Hot Blast Heater maintains a continuous fire; also a steady, even heat. It will hold fire from Saturday night until Monday morning (48 hours). It will hold fire over night with less coal than any other stove. Given the draft in the morning and the room is quickly heated with the coal put in the night before. Come in and examine Cole's Original Hot Blast Heater. Price \$12.00 and up, according to size. (R-11)

## IT WARMS OLD SANTA

just to see a good supply of good coal in the houses he visits. He is particularly partial to the kind of coal we sell and he has good reason to be. So will you after you have tried it. The splendid heat, the perfect combustion, the solid comfort, will pay you well for your good judgment in ordering us to fill your coal bin.

JOHN LARSON

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WHERE TO GET WHAT YOU WANT

Consult This List Before Placing Your Order  
If You Want the BEST at the Lowest Prices

### Johnson's Pharmacy

Prescription pharmacists. Stationery, perfumes and cigars. THE REXALL STORE. A remedy for each ill. 222 South 7th St. 105

### Union Made Flour

Leading brands, Union Pride and Sea Foam. Highest cash price paid for wheat, rye, oats, corn and potatoes at Brainerd Flour Mill. 64

### A Modern Laundry

Brainerd Steam Laundry, formerly 710 Laurel St., now in new location, 416 S. 6th St. Just as careful with your washing as mother used to be. 73

### J. H. Noble

Wall Paper and Paints. We also do a general line of painting, papering, tinting, stenciling, etc. Phone 250, 716 Front St., Brainerd, Minn.

### Red Front Grocery

618 Laurel street. Phone 117. Where the customer is waited on with courtesy and attention. WE GIVE GREEN TRADING STAMPS. Please call and see us. 91

### Moari Brothers

Cement blocks, bricks, sidewalks, curbs, foundations and all kinds of cement and concrete work. Ritari Bros., 1128 E. Norwood St. 1051240

### McCaffrey & Wallace

Do a general painting and decorating business. 307 South Sixth street. 85

### Wood Sawing

Wood sawing promptly done. Phone 375. C. H. Heath, 320 Laurel St., Brainerd, Minn. 1431m

### DO YOU WANT IDEAS

In getting up a booklet or other tasty advertising matter? Have a design prepared by us and we will show you a

### TRADE WINNER